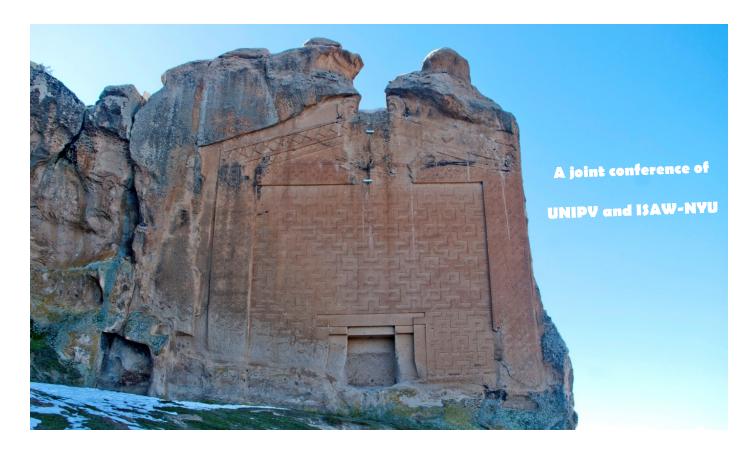




Phrygia between the East and the West



between the East and the West has always been central Phrygia, well before the expansion of the Achaemenid to understanding the Mediterranean, the European, and, Empire towards the west, that promoted contrastive today also, the Atlantic world. In the reassessment of the identities between the East and the West already during values and fundaments of a new, diverse, and inclusive the 8th century BCE. The aim is also to investigate how society, the legacy of the Greco-Roman world on west- the several elements of diversity characterizing this borern political identity as 'the exemplum' is under scrutiny. derland were received and elaborated in contemporary The discussion, often led by non-experts, however, involves a too simplistic understanding of the ancient Mediterranean, in general, and of the Greco-Roman experience, in particular. The challenge for ancient historians and archaeologists is to promote a vision of the ancient Mediterranean with all of its rich complexity and diversity in the broader context of the ancient world. In order to make space for a different understanding of the ancient Mediterranean trajectory, this conference focuses on Phrygia, a region of northwestern, inner Anatolia, which represented a borderland between the East and the West for the entire 1st millennium BCE. The conference even

The question of the definition of contrastive identities aims to bring a conjecture to discussion: whether it was and later societies of the Mediterranean and Near Eastern worlds.

> New research and the chronology new the Destruction Level at the Phrygian capital of Yassi Höyük-Gordion have resulted in a backdating of about 250 years for the formation of a Phrygian kingdom. This has considerable consequences in the historical, art historical, technological, and cultural spheres. The publication of a profound revision of the archaeological datum of the capital of a kingdom - located between the Aegean and Mediterranean worlds on one side, and the Anatolian, Assyrian, and Levantine worlds on the other - has



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legacy in the Greek, Hellenistic, and Roman world is also tween the East and the West". considered a central part of the discussion of the Phrygian identity, both in its developments locally in the Anatolian Plateau, and elsewhere.

With this intent the Department of Humanities

begun to receive attention in individual studies related to and the Graduate School in History of the University of specific themes. However, a reflection on the archaic Pavia in collaboration with the Institute for the Study of formation of this kingdom and the political and ethnic the Ancient World of New York University are organizing identities that defined it still require new investigations; a conference in Pavia on April 7-9, 2022. This collaboraequally, a study of the impact of this polity as a middle tive conference aims to bring together experts and ground entity between two areas that were beginning a young scholars to discuss the themes presented above process of progressive definition of opposition needs which emerged from the homonymous joint UNIPV new reflection. Reception and integration of the Phrygian ISAW graduate seminar of Spring 2021: "Phrygia be-

> The conference will be divided into four sections. For each section, key speakers who have already agreed to present their papers are as follows:

- 1) Power and Identity Ch.B. Rose, U-Penn; L. d'Alfonso, ISAW-NYU & UNIPV;
- 2) Technology, Trade, and Communication Routes M. Harari, UNIPV; M. Işıklı, Atatürk University Erzurum; A. Kotsonas. ISAW-NYU
- 3) Writings and Literature in the Early 1st Millennium BCE P. Goedegebuure, Oriental Institute, Uni-Chicago; N. Luraghi, Oxford University
- 4) Memory and Reception in Greco-Roman Times G. Semeraro. Uni-Salento: S.Y. Şenyurt, Gazi University Ankara



The conference will be primarily in-person, but we intend to livestream the event through the Digital Hammurabi and Save Ancient Studies media platforms to allow for a larger online audience. The conference format remains subject to change based on local and international COVID-19 restrictions. A confirmation, or any changes, will be disseminated in January 2022. Inquiries may be directed to the co-organizers:



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